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   Attorney for Defendant,
   Arsenio Huqueriza
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                       UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
                     NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
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                          SAN FRANCISCO DIVISION
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   UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,
                                     ) No. CR08-0119
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             Plaintiff,
                                     ) NOTICE OF MOTION AND MOTION TO
                                       QUASH WARRANT AND SUPPRESS
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   vs
                                       EVIDENCE, MEMORANDUM OF POINTS
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                                       AND AUTHORITIES, PROOF OF
   ARSENIO HUQUERIZA,
                                       SERVICE
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             Defendant.
                                       [F.R.Crim.P. § 41(h)]
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                                       Date: June 18, 2008
                                       Time: 2:30 P.M.
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                                       Judge: Hon. Phyllis J. Hamilton
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   TO THE ABOVE-ENTITLED COURT, AND TO THE UNITED STATES ATTORNEY
   FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA:
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        PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that, on June 18, 2008 at 2:30 P.M., in
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   Department No. 3 of the above-entitled Court, the time and place
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   set for the motion to suppress pursuant to Federal Rule of
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   Criminal Procedure, Section 41(h), et seq., the defense will move
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   to controvert and to quash Warrant No. 3-07-70473 on the
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   following grounds:
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         The affidavit for the search warrant does not constitute
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NOTICE OF MOTION AND MOTION TO QUASH WARRANT AND SUPPRESS EVIDENCE, MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES, PROOF OF SERVICE

probable cause for its issuance. It was never shown to the defendant.

The warrant is defective in that it does not specify the things to be seized or the persons to be searched, or does not specify with particularity the place to be searched.

The warrant was not timely or properly served.

The search was unreasonable or excessive in its scope.

This motion will be based on the attached memorandum of points and authorities, all papers filed and records in this action, the attached declaration of Arsenio Huqueriza, a supplemental memorandum of points and authorities to be filed after the hearing on this motion, evidence taken at the hearing on this motion, and argument at that hearing.

Date: May 14, 2008 Respectfully submitted,

/s/

David Butler, Jr. Attorney for Defendant

MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

NOTICE OF MOTION AND MOTION TO QUASH WARRANT AND SUPPRESS EVIDENCE, MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES, PROOF OF SERVICE

SUMMARY OF ARGUMENT

was never presented to the defendant and has not been provided to

from his house and detained in a police car for a time during the

STATEMENT OF FACTS

his attorney. Further, the defendant, was handcuffed, removed

search all in violation of his fourth amendment rights.

The affidavit of Brodie Allyn causing the warrant to issue

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THE FRUITS OF AN ILLEGAL ACT ARE TAINTED

NOTICE OF MOTION AND MOTION TO QUASH WARRANT AND SUPPRESS EVIDENCE, MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES, PROOF OF SERVICE

On Friday, August, 10, 2007, at approx. 0815 hours, the warrant at issue was served as more particularly described in the attached declaration. The affidavit supporting the motion was never shown to the defendant. He was handcuffed, and removed from his home and placed in a police car until he was later returned to his home as the search continued.

ARGUMENT

THE DEFENDANT HAS STANDING TO CHALLENGE THE FOURTH AMENDMENT VIOLATION

A defendant may challenge the propriety of a search or seizure which violates the defendant's own reasonable expectations of privacy in the area searched or the item seized.

(Rakas v Illinois (1978) 439 US 128, 58 L Ed 2d 387, 99 S Ct 421.)

AND CANNOT BE USED AS EVIDENCE

Evidence seized as the result of a search or seizure (or an arrest) that has exceeded permissible bounds is the "fruit of the poisonous tree" and must be excluded. (Wong Sun v U.S. (1963) 371 US 471, 9 L Ed 2d 441, 83 S Ct 407.)

Thus confessions, admissions and physical evidence may be barred (Lockridge v Superior Court (1970) 3 C3d 166, 89 CR 731), as may be testimony as to the identity of stolen goods (People v Dowdy(1975) 50 CA3d 180, 123 CR 155), and tape recordings (People vCoyle (1969) 2 CA3d 60, 83 CR 924). (See also Ruiz v Craven (9th Cir 1970) 425 F2d 235 (confession after confrontation with illegally seized heroin).)

Also, tangible evidence obtained as the fruit of a Miranda violation is inadmissible and may be suppressed under Penal Code section 1538.5 if it is the fruit of an error that may be challenged under section 1538.5. (People v Abbott (1970) 3 CA3d 966, 84 CR 40; U.S. v Casell (7th Cir 1971) 452 F2d 533; People v Superior Court (Keithley) (1975) 13 C3d 406, 118 CR 617.) An admission or confession or other intangible fruit that is the result of an illegal arrest can be challenged under section 1538.5. (Wong Sun v U.S., supra; People v DeVaughn (1977) 18 C3d 889, 135 CR 786.)

Once it is shown that a statement was the fruit of a violation of the constitutional proscription against unreasonable

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searches and seizures, it is the People's burden to try to purge 1 2 the evidence of its taint. A mere giving of the Miranda 3 admonition is not enough. (Brown v Illinois (1975) 422 US 590, 45 4 L Ed 2d 416, 95S Ct 2254.) 5 THE PROSECUTION MUST PROVIDE THE SOURCE OF INFORMATION TRANSMITTED THROUGH OFFICIAL CHANNELS WHEN CHALLENGED 6 7 It is the prosecution's burden, on defense request, to show 8 that information received by an officer through official channels had a legitimate source. Therefore, when challenged by the 10 defense, the prosecution must produce either the original 11 informant (the source of the information relied on) or the 12 officer who received the information from the informant. 13 (Whiteley v Warden (1971)401 US 560, 28 L Ed 2d 306, 91 S Ct 14 1031; 1 LaFave, Search and Seizure $^{\perp}$ 3.5.) 15 This rule applies to detentions as well: the prosecution 16 17 must produce either the informant or the initiating officer when 18 challenged. (People v Collin (1973) 35 CA3d 416, 110 CR 869.) 19 DEFENDANT ASKS PERMISSION TO FILE SUPPLEMENTAL POINTS AND 2.0 AUTHORITIES AFTER THE HEARING ON THIS MOTION 2.1 Defendant requests permission to file a supplemental memorandum of points and authorities after the hearing on this 23 motion, to address the testimony at that hearing and the 24 prosecution's arguments. 2.5 26 // / // /

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NOTICE OF MOTION AND MOTION TO QUASH WARRANT AND SUPPRESS EVIDENCE, MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES, PROOF OF SERVICE

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27 28 CONCLUSION

For all the reasons given above, and because the prosecution has not borne its burden in the instant case, the motion to suppress should be granted, the warrant quashed, and the evidence seized by the Immigration and Customs Enforcement in this case should be suppressed.

PROOF OF SERVICE

I, David A. Butler, Jr., certify:

I am, and at all times mentioned herein was, an active member of the State Bar of California and not a party to the above-entitled cause. My business address is 305 San Bruno Avenue West, San Bruno, CA 94066-3526.

I served the NOTICE OF MOTION AND MOTION TO QUASH WARRANT AND SUPPRESS EVIDENCE On May 14, 2008, by depositing a copy of the document in the United States mail at 305 San Bruno Avenue West, San Bruno, San Mateo County, California, in a sealed envelope, with postage fully prepaid, addressed to:

Erika Frick, Esq. U.S. Attorney's Office 450 Golden Gate Ave. San Francisco, CA 94102

And by email to Erika.Frick@usdoj.gov

who is the attorney for the plaintiff in the above-entitled /s/ cause.

Dated: May 14, 2008

David Butler, Jr.

NOTICE OF MOTION AND MOTION TO QUASH WARRANT AND SUPPRESS EVIDENCE, MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES, PROOF OF SERVICE

investigating a possible hit and run involving my car a red 1 Dodge Durango, which was parked on my driveway. He pointed at my 3 car and to take a look at the damage. As I stepped out to look, he immediately handcuffed me. I asked, "What is this for?" As a 5 response, the officer said "I'll tell you later." They then 6 7 escorted me to a marked patrol car which was parked approx. 55 8 ft. away and in front of my next door neighbor's house. I was placed in the back seat "cage" and kept asking what the charge 10 was for. Finally, he told me that they have a reason to believe 11 that I have, in possession, child pornographic material and that 12 13 they have a warrant to search my home. In the meantime, the 14 officers went inside my home. I was kept in the patrol car for 15 at least fifteen minutes, while handcuffed, until I was taken 16 out of the patrol car and brought inside my home, when the 17 handcuffs were removed. 18 19 My wife, son, and daughter told me later what had occurred when I 20 was handcuffed in the car. They said they were awakened by loud 21 noises yelling, "Search warrant" and loud knocking on their 22 23 bedroom doors. They said they had feared for their lives for they 24 thought it was a gang home invasion. Once they opened their 25 doors, they saw about 5 police officers with guns drawn ordering 26

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them to stay put in the den. They were kept in the den for

approx. 2 hours, from 0830 until 1000. During that time, my wife 1 2 said she was worried about me and asked "Where is my husband, is 3 my husband okay?" One of the officers responded, "He's downstairs, he's fine." She also asked, "What is the search 5 6 warrant for?" and one of the officers said, "Someone will talk to 7 you about it later when we go downstairs." There was also a time 8 where the officers asked if my family had to be anywhere, such as school and work, and gave them permission to get ready one at a 10 11 time. My son claimed, when he went to get ready, that he wanted 12 to change his clothes in private, but was not allowed to do so. 13 My wife said she went to her room escorted by one officer to put 14 15 on a robe and went back to the den. They all then were ordered to 16 stay in one area (Den) while they conducted their search two 17 officers watched my family in the den. 18 19 At aprox.0830 hours, officers came to me and let me out of the 20 patrol car still in handcuffed and escorted inside my home, he 21 led me into my living room and took off the handcuffed and told 22 me to stay there while one officer stood guard. At approx. 0915 23 hours I was moved to the family room, one officer asked me how \ 24 25 many cars do I owned, I told him four he then asked for the keys 26 my wife and daughter gave it to them. One officer went inside the 27 garage and I presumed that he searched the inside of my car a 28

Mercedes Benz C320 and saw boxes and other large items inside because when he came back to my location (Living room) he asked me if we were planning to travel, I told him that the car is not being used and that we are using the inside of the car as storage space. At approx. 10:00 hours my wife son and daughter joined me into the family room. They were not free to move around, they have to ask permission to use the bathroom. At approximately 10:45 hours, the officers concluded their search and gave me a copy of the search warrant and a printed copy. I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct. May 13, 2008